Written Statement Under Penalty of Perjury FOR ACH DEBITS

State of _	Cour	nty of
l,	(account holder's nam	ne), state that I have examined the attached statement o
other notif	fication from	(financial institution name) indicating that an ACF
debit entry	y was charged to my account number:	_ on (date) in the
amount of	f \$, and that the entry was unauthorized or improper.	
	Complete Section 1 or 2 as applical	ble.
I. For <u>l</u>	UNAUTHORIZED CONSUMER ENTRIES (check one) I have not ever authorized	(company) to originate one or more
		(company) to originate one or more ACH entries to
	the amount I authorized is <i>(R10)</i> ; or I authorized the debit to be made to my account on or no earlier than	(month/day/year) (R10).
	I authorized debit funds from my account, but on (month/company above in the manner specified in the authorization <i>(R07)</i> . (cannot be used	day/year) I revoked that authorization by notifying the
For <u>l</u>	UNAUTHORIZED BUSINESS ENTRIES TO A CONSUMER ACCOUNT (CONTINUED IN IT IN	
		(company) to originate one or more ACH entries to
	the amount I authorized is (R05); or I authorized the debit to be made to my account on or no earlier than	(month/day/year) <i>(R05)</i> .
2. For	IMPROPER / INELIGIBLE ENTRIES (check one)	
-	Checks mailed for payment (ARC) or in-person payments converted in the back off notice was not provided by the Originator in accordance with the requirements of the the source document and the ARC or BOC entry to which it relates have been present the amount of the ARC or BOC entry was not accurately obtained from the source document (R10); or	e NACHA ACH Operating Rules (R10); ented for payment (R37); or
<i>C</i>	the source document used for the debit entry is improper (<i>R10</i>); or	Receiver (R10);
R	the required notice stating the terms of the re-presented check entry policy was not requirements of the NACHA <i>ACH Operating Rules (R51)</i> ; all signatures on the item to which the RCK entry relates are not authentic or author the amount of the RCK entry was not accurately obtained from the item <i>(R51)</i> ; or	provided by the Originator in accordance with the ized, or the item has been altered (R51);
	tate that the debit transaction was not originated with fraudulent intent by me or by any party own proper signature. I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and	
Date:	Signature:	
Acknowled	dged by financial institution branch #: Employee:	Date:

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Instructions - How to complete a Written Statement Under Penalty of Perjury

The RDFI must obtain a written statement under penalty of perjury from its account holder prior to initiating a return for an entry the account holder claims is unauthorized, ineligible or improper, or for which the authorization has been revoked. This includes debit entries with Standard Entry Class (SEC) codes: ARC, BOC, POP, POS, PPD, RCK, TEL and WEB; CCD and CTX entries to consumer accounts. Verify the transaction will be returned so the ODFI receives it by the day following the 60th day after settlement of the original transaction.

NOTE: Regulation E provides the consumer protection for electronic transactions for a period of 60 days following the transmittal of the statement. Refer to your Reg E error resolution procedures for transactions brought to your attention after the ACH 60 day right of return, but within the Reg E 60 day from statement date period.

Unauthorized debit (with the exception of TEL entries) refers to an electronic funds transfer (EFT) withdrawn from a consumer account by an entity not authorized in writing by the consumer (either signed or similarly authenticated). With respect to TEL entries, an unauthorized debit refers to an EFT from a consumer account initiated by an entity not authorized by the consumer, via oral authorization. An EFT in an amount greater than that authorized by the consumer or one that results in a debit to the consumer's account earlier than authorized is also an unauthorized debit. An unauthorized debit does not include an EFT initiated with fraudulent intent by the consumer or any person acting in concert with the consumer. An improper / ineligible debit means a Re-presented Check (RCK) entry, Point-of-Purchase (POP) entry, Accounts Receivable (ARC), or Back Office Conversion (BOC) entry that meets the criteria described in the 'Improper / Ineligible Entries' section.

UNAUTHORIZED ENTRIES

Reason for dispute	SEC Entry Types	Return Code
I have not ever authorized	ARC, BOC, POP, POS,	R10 (Customer Advises Not Authorized, Notice Not Provided, Improper
I authorizedbut the amount or debit	PPD, TEL, WEB	Source Document, or Amount of Entry Not Accurately Obtained
date is wrong.		from Source Document)
I revoked authorization with that	PPD, Recurring WEB	R07 (Authorization Revoked by Customer, Cannot be used for Single-
company.		entry WEB, TEL, or POP entries)

UNAUTHORIZED BUSINESS ENTRIES TO A CONSUMER ACCOUNT

Reason for dispute	SEC Entry Types	Return Code
I have not ever authorized		
I authorizedbut the amount or debit	CCD, CTX	R05 (Unauthorized Debit to Consumer Account Using Corporate SEC
date is wrong.		Code)

IMPROPER ENTRIES

Entry Type	Return Code
Checks mailed in for payment (ARC entries) Checks converted in person at the time of purchase (POP entries) Checks converted in the back office (BOC entries)	R37 (Source Document Presented for Payment)
Re-presented / NSF / Bounced checks (RCK entries)	R51 (Item is Ineligible, Notice Not Provided, Signature Not Genuine, Item Altered or Amount of Entry Not Accurately Obtained from Item) R53 (Both the paper check and ACH entry were presented for Payment)

The Written Statement Under Penalty of Perjury should always be signed and dated by the account holder.